

APPLIANCE SAVINGS

Unplug:

- Use power strips to switch off battery chargers and all daily use equipment such as coffee pots. Even when you think these products are off, together, their "standby" consumption can be equivalent to that of a 75 or 100 watt light bulb running continuously.
- Unplug appliances and chargers when you're not using them.
- Set your refrigerator temperature at 38 to 42 degrees Fahrenheit; your freezer should be set between 0 and 5 degrees Fahrenheit. Use the power-save switch if your fridge has one, and make sure the door seals tightly.



Look for products with the Energy Star® label -- they typically use about 20 to 40 percent less energy than other new models.

Did you know?

A standard hot & cold bottled water cooler can use more energy than a large refrigerator. An ENERGY STAR qualified model requires about half as much energy as a standard unit.

Conventional battery chargers — even when not actively charging a product — can draw as much as 5 to 20 times more energy than is actually stored in the battery. On average, ENERGY STAR qualified battery chargers will use 35% less energy than conventional models